The Millheim Journal.

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Milk when heated in closed vessels to a temperature of 75 degrees Centigrade remains sweet for ninety-six hours. If the vessel is opened sourness occurs after forty eight hours. If the milk is heated in the air it remains sweet only twenty-four hours. A temperature of between 50 and 60 deg. does not alter the taste of milk, and if it be curdled at this temperature the curd is flocculent.

A CHILD'S WISDOM.

Between the half-drawn curtains faintly gleamed
The early dawn's first pale and glimmering ray;
But through my heart rang ever, as I dreamed
The poet's plaint: "Give me but Yesterday!"

Through swiftly-opening doors, with flying feet,
My little daughter with her curls of gold
Came eagerly the morning sun to greet;
The little maid whom yesterday we told

To-morrow, if the skies were not unkind,
Out into country meadows she should go,
With beating heart and shining eyes to find
The sweet, shy haunts of wild flowers, hiding low.

Flushed in the morning light, she danced and sang,
While I forgot the poet's murmuring lay,
As through the room her sweeter wisdom rang;
"Mamma! mamma! To-morrow is To-day!"

THE WAGER.

Decidedly you are mad, my dear de Marsan," said the Count de Tevilly to a young officer of light cavalry, who, holding a glass of wine in his hand, seemed to challenge a dozen of young companions, whom a table splendidly served excited at once to appetite and gaiety.

"Mad as much as you please," answered de Marsan, "but I still renew my proposal. I defy you to take from me this snuff-box, either by force or stratagem.

"Do you take it?"

"How many days do you allow me to prove to you your folly!"

"Six."

"Done, then!" cried de Tevilly, "and the stake?"

"A supper as luxurious as this, in eight days at my house."

"Agreed!" cried all the company.

Three days afterwards, de Marsan met de Tevilly in the Palace Royal.

"Well! you feel no ill effects from our joyous night!"

"My dear fellow, you arrange things to a marvel!"

"You think so?"

"Word of honor!"

"In that case give me a pinch of your admirable snuff."

"With pleasure,"

De Marsan did not observe the slight smile that passed over his friend's countenance.

They alluded in no way to the foolish wager made by the blaze of lights and over the fumes of wine, which had suggested it; perhaps it was forgotten; however, the two young men separated.

That night, toward eleven o'clock, not far from his house, de Marsan was accosted by two servants, who begged him respectfully to be good enough to stop a moment.

At the same time, a man, enveloped in a long dressing gown, brown with red stars, and preceded by two torch-bearers, appeared in the middle of the street, an enormous beard flowed nearly to the waist of the singular personage, who, approaching de Marsan, bowed, and in a strongly pronounced nasal tone, said—

"How do you do, sir?"

"That is a very extraordinary question," said de Marsan, after a moment's silence, caused by his astonishment.

"It is not the less a question," observed the man with the long beard.

"But sir, this hour, that dress, these servants——"

"This hour pleases me, this dress suits my position, and these servants are mine.

"For the second time, sir, how do you do."

"What is that to you?"

"A great deal."

"But then——"

"My dear sir, listen: my question is commonplace, I allow it, but here is what I would come to.

"You have a watch, ah! how happy you are!

"I have not, and I take medicine to-night at two o'clock, not a minute more, not a minute less; you can understand that for the exactitude of the thing I must have your watch——"

"Ah! ah!" cried de Marsan, who began to believe he had encountered a mad man, and hoped to get away by frightening him.

"It is then an ambush!

"Just wait——."

He was about to draw his sword.

The man with the beard made a sign.

In an instant four pistols were pointed at the young man, who, seeing this unanswerable argument, trembling with rage, drew out his watch.

"There, sir." said he abruptly.

"A thousand thanks, dear sir," said the unknown; "I feel much indepted to you for your generous haste," added he, laughing,

"Now let me go."

"Willingly; but I have again a request to make"

"Be quick about it then."

"That sword——"

"My sword?"

"Yes."

"You jest, sir!"

"I give you my word of honor, sir, that I never jest."

"What do you mean, rascal?"

"This: to-morrow I have a duel, I require a sword, and have taken a fancy to yours; therefore, be so polite as not to refuse me if not——" he pointed to his armed domesticus.

De Marsan flung his sword at the feet of this mysterious personage.

"And now?"

"Now, my dear sir, you are perfectly free."

"It is very fortunate.'

"Your way is direct; first to the right, second to the left, then third door to the right——"

"Impertinent!"

"Too well bred to contradict you.

"Accept, my dear sir, the assurance of my profound esteem, and my most sincere gratitude."

De Marsan had scarcely gone ten paces, before a voice called him—

"Sir!"

"Again?"

"Yes."

"What do you want?"

"Will you be good enough to give me a pinch of snuff?"

"The plague stifle you!

"Here, take it!"

"Oh! the beautiful snuff-box!

"How splendidly it glitters in the moonlight!

"It belongs to you, sir?"

"Why do you ask?"

"That you may do me the honor to reply, sir."

"Well! yes—it belongs to me.

"What then?"

"What then?

"Why, I think that it will be much better in my hands than in yours."

"Why so?"

"Because I shall not let it be stolen.

"Ah! you will——"

"As you say."

"And if I cry! mur— —"

"You shall be shot that moment."

"And if I give you this snuff-box?' continued de Marsan.

"I will accept it."

"Think that it is a gift from the Duchess of Berry, and that to-morrow I will have all the police on your track."

"I authorize you, sir."

"There, then!"

"Heaven be with you!

"I am happy to have made your acquaintance in such an agreeable manner."

Freed at length from his tormentor, de Marsan made semblance to return home, but, instead, concealed himself in the angle of the street; from thence he saw his thief stop before a *porte-coshere* of sumptuous appearance, enter mysteriously into the house—then, nothing more, silence complete.

An instant after, de Marsan thunders at this door in a manner to wake the dead.

"They open it; a servant shows his face only half-awake.

"What do you want?"

"Your master?"

"Is in bed."

"Tell him I must see him."

"Impossible."

"I must, his life is menaced," said de Marsan, in a whisper.

"Oh! in that case follow me."

They mount, de Marsan enters a handsome apartment, and sees a man already of a certain age, preparing to enter his bed.

"Hush!" said de Marsan.

"Hush, sir! dress yourself, and give me arms."

"What does that signify?"

"It signifies that there are assassins hidden in the house; the wretches have just robbed me of everything."

"Oh, Heaven!" cried the old man; "and when?"

"This instant, even; the thief and assassin, for I suppose that his intention is to murder you to-night, had on a dressing-gown, brown with red stars."

"A dressing-gown," stammered the old man, horror-struck.

"Yes, sir."

"Brown?"

"Yes, sir, with red stars."

"Merciful heaven!" groaned the old man, striking his forehead in despair.

"My son, a robber!

"Oh, my friend! come up with me, and confound this miserable Etienne!"

"Etienne!" thought de Marsan.

"Oh! the infamous——.

"This is then where his passion for play has led him.

"Come."

They reach his room: they enter.

De Marsan nearly falls over a long black beard lying on the carpet, while from behind an alcove they heard loud peals of laughter.

"Do you dare," cried the old man, in a voice of thunder.

"Ah! my father, let me laugh," said a voice from the alcove; at the same time the owner of the voice made himself visible, a young man advanced.

"It was de Teville.

"Here, take back your snuff-box," said he to de Marsan, who stood stupefied, and a little ashamed.

The supper gained by the Count de Teville took place; and the adventure was long talked of in the gay circles of Paris.

The Pious President.

"I think it's a mistake to have any lights in the cars while they are going through the tunnel," remarked the superintendant of a New Jersey railroad to the good old President.

"Why, my dear sir," said the pious old man, "I can't understand what the objection to them is—in fact, I think they are absolutely necessary. Will you tell me why you think the road would be benefitted by not lighting the lamps when the train passes through the tunnel?"

"Well, sir," replied the observing Superintendent, "you know that our road carries a great many young folks?"

"Yes, yes, I know that."

"Well, you never have seen them hug and kiss each other in the daylight on the cars, have you?"

"No, I can't say that I have."

"Then, don't you see, if we don't light up they would be more apt to patronize our road, and the profits would be more than commensurate to the growls of the non-kissing traveler!"

"H'm, yes. Very true. In future, if any conductor allows a lamp to be lighted in his train while going through tunnels let him be discharged at once," said the pious president.

How to Mesmerize.

A recent writer on the mysteries of mesmerism, says: I lay it down as a fact which can be verified by all who are curious enough to try it, that the mesmeric conditions can be produced without the supposition of a subtle fluid, without the use of the cabalistic passes of the mesmerist, without the bouquet, the magnetic rod, or any of the mysterious means employed by the professionals to heighten the effect of what would be too simple and too unattractive if performed straightforwardly. The directions are these: Place the person to be operated on, naturally in a chair. With your left hand suspended by a string, about a foot from the eyes, some small object, a dark marble or a bright steel ball or a diamond—it matters not what, though something bright is, perhaps, preferable. Direct the subject to fasten his eyes and encounter his attention on the object. Slowly raise your left hand until the object is as far above the eyes of the patient as is compatible with his gazing steadily at it. Watch his eyes. At first you will see the pupils contract, but after a few seconds they will expand rapidly. When they are at the point of greatest expansion, move the first two fingers of your right hand from the object directly toward the eyes, the fingers being separated forklike, to embrace both eyes. As the fingers approach, the eyes will close, and the subject will be unable to open them. After a quarter of a minute the subject will be thoroughly under control, so that the operator may make him believe whatever he tells him. Left quiet, the subject will sink into a profound torpor, during which his ears nose, and even a finger cut off without pair. To arouse him—and this is an important step—wind, either from a hand bellows or a fan, should be directed against his eyes, or else his eyes should be tickled with a feather. The rationale of the method is simple. The fixed stare of the subject fatigues his retinal nerves, and when the operator's fingers approach, the eyelids close, as eyelids always do when the eyes are threatened. But the fatigue of the nerves has produced muscular fatigue as well, transient paralysis of the eyelids has resulted, and they can not be opened. The eyelids being then closed, the delicate frontal nerves exhausted, and the mind made vacant by monotonous attention to one subject, the patient is in a condition to fall asleep—and he does fall asleep. He is now ready to dream. The only thing remaining to do is to make him dream.

But how is this to be effected? Dreaming, as has long been determined, is the result of extenal suggestion. Dr. Gregory, to illustrate, having been thinking of Vesuvius, went to bed with a jug of hot water at his feet and dreamed that he was climbing the sides of the burning mountain. Dr. Reid read a book on the Indians, put a blister to his head on retiring, and thought in his sleep that he was being scalped. Both the dreams, as all others are, were caused by suggestions offered externally. These suggestions, being received while the directing power, the common sense of the mind was in abeyance, owing to sleep, were interpreted very erroneously, yet according to plain laws of association, The hot water in the one case called up the previous subject of thought, Vesuvius; the stinging blister in the other, the equally stinging scalping-knife. It is now easy to see how the sleeping subject may be made to accept as truth whatever he is told.

John Goldenberg.

The career of John Goldenberg, who lately died at Wiesbaden worth many millions of dollars, was a strange one. He never spoke of his origin, but he was probably born in Galicia. Circumstances led him while still a young man to the Levant, and finding no foothold there he turned his steps toward the East, and eventually found himself in Burmah. He had no sooner crossed the border than he was stopped by a party of natives, who proceeded to ransack the pack which he carried over his shoulder. Among other articles they found a box of pomade, which, to his amazement, they began to eat with great apparent relish. This incident led him to reflect that among such a barbarous people a clever European might make his fortune. He began his operations by trading in teak wood, and having at length secured the favor of the king by making the first coined money ever seen in Burmah, he obtained a monopoly of the teak forests, and advanced rapidly to great prosperity. In 1876 he returned to Europe by the way of Pesth, where he married a young girl, from whom he was soon afterward separated. Last spring he made the acquaintance of Ina Moller, an Austrian pianist (whose more famous sister is the actress Fraulein Lenau), and last August he married her in London. He died suddenly in Wiesbaden on Sept. 27, while they were making a wedding tour of Germany. His wife is the sole heir of his vast property.

The Queen of Greece.

Queen Olga looks very Polish, although she resembles her aunt, the Queen of Hanover. The Grand Duke Constantine was Vice-Emperor of Russian Poland when she was a child, which accounts for so much in her air and manner that reminds one of the Warsaw ladies. The face is very regularly proportioned, and yet not in the least classical. Her hair is still very fine, and curls naturally. It is drawn back from the forehead with a comb such as we see in the pictures of "Alice in Wonderland." The face is round in its front contour. It is lighted up by a pair of dark beaming eyes, which have a soft kindly expression. The Queen is simple and natural. She looks at once gentle and a woman of spirit. In giving informal audiences, she plays a good deal with her pet dog. Like the King, she is more and more struck each time she revisits France, with the vitality of the French people, their happy activity (for, busy as they are, They have time to look around them, and seem to enjoy keeping their eyes open), and their extraordinary prosperity.

The New Gold Certificates.

Assistant United States Treasurer Thomas C. Acton sat in his private room in the Sub-Treasury Building, New York, making money at the rate of $30,000 a minute. That is, he was signing new gold certificates of the denomination of $10,000 at the rate of at least three every minute. These new gold certificates are sent to Mr. Acton from Washington bearing the engraved fac simile signature of United States Treasurer Gilfillan and B. K. Bruce, Register of the Treasury. The autograph signature of Mr. Acton completes them and makes them negotiable. The certificates are printed on the very finest quality of bank-note paper and are about the size of an ordinary United States Treasury note. On the face of each certificate is the following language:—"Ten thousand (or whatever the denomination may be) dollars of gold coin have been deposited in the Treasury of the United States. That sum is repayable in gold coin on demand on the presentation hereof at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer at New York city." The certificates are issued in denominations of $20, $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000. The backs of the notes are printed in a dull vermilion color and have a heavy border of fine scroll and flower work, which surrounds the large figures indicating the denomination of the note, and a picture of an American flag partially unfurled. Each certificate has upon its face a finely executed stell-engraved portrait. The $20 notes have a picture of General Garfield; the $50 notes, a picture of Silas Wright; the $100s, Thomas Benton; the $500s, Abraham Lincoln; the $1,000s, Alexander Hamilton; the $5,000s, James Madison; and the $10,000s, Andrew Jackson. Up to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Acton had signed 15,000 certificates, representing $44,650,000, and since the certificates were issued about $6,000,000 have been paid out, mostly for Clearing House business. The officers at the Sub-Treasury say that they cannot possibly exchange more than a million of dollars per day, as they are obliged to test, by weight, every bag of gold that is presented. More than $900,000 in gold was exchanged for gold certificates yesterday. Thus far the demand has been chiefly for notes of large denominations. Mr. Acton signed $10,000,000 of $10,000 certificates yesterday. There has been no call whatever for the $20 certificates. The testing of the gold coin which is offered daily at the Sub-Treasury shows that there is a constant loss in weight. One lot of gold coin of the value of $500,000 was weighed a day or two ago and found to be $300 short in weight, which amount had to be made good before the desired gold certificates would be issued. Mr. Floyd, of the Sub-Treasury, stated to a reporter that the gold certificates were already regarded as a very great convenience. "They are not only a good thing for us," he said "but they are an immense convenience to the business community." Instead of carting around several pounds of coin representing $100,000, a man may now simply put ten of these little $10,000 notes in his vest pocket and walk about with them without the slightest personal inconvenience." These certificates, it is said, will very much facilitate the Clearing House business.

Peppermint Drops.

Take a convenient quantity of dry granulated sugar; place it in a pan having a lip from which the contents may be poured or dropped; add a very little water, just enough to make the sugar a stiff paste, two ounces of water to a pound of sugar being about the right proportion; set it over the fire and allow it to nearly boil, keeping it continually stirred; it must not actually come to a full boil, but must be removed from the fire just as the bubbles denoting the boiling point is reached begin to rise. Allow the sirup to cool a little, stirring all the time; add strong essence of peppermint to suit the taste, and drop on tins, or sheets of smooth white paper. The dropping is performed by tilting the vessel slightly, so that the contents will slowly run out, and with a small piece of stiff wire the drops may be stroked off on to the tins or paper. They should then be kept in a warm place for a few hours to dry. If desired, a little red coloring may be added just previous to dropping, or a portion may be dropped in a plain white form, an the remainder colored. There is no reason why peppermint should alone be used with this form of candy, but confectioners usually confine themselves to this flavor. Any flavor may be added, and a great variety of palatable sweets made in the same manner. If desired, these drops may be acidulated by the use of a little tartaric acid and flavored with lemon, pineapple, or banana. In the season of fruits, delicious drops may be made by substituting the juice of fresh fruits, as strawberry, rasberry, etc., for the water, and otherwise proceeding as directed.

A Testamentary Curiosity.

In 1877 a man who died in Berlin, leaving behind him a fortune of 34,000 marks, surprised all who knew him by devising that 32,000 marks should go to the authorities of his native place, and that the remainder should be divided between nine relatives and a friend with whom he had quarreled, the share of any one of the legatees becoming forfeited if he followed the testator to the grave. His relatives religiously obeyed the dead man's decree, but the estranged friend, remembering old times, could not refrain from going quietly to the church yard and paying his last respects to the deceased. By and by a codicil came to light directing that if any one of the ten legatees under the will should disobey the injunctions regarding the last ceremony he was to receive the bulk of the money left to the testator's town, and, thanks to the shrewd device, the man who thought more of his old friendship than his old friend's money found himself comfortably provided for for the rest of his life.

Passionate persons are like men who stand upon their heads; they see all things the wrong way.

Life on a Mississippi Flatboat.

The malarial districts in the northern part of the city during the summer months have a large population that rarely figures in the city directory. The persons referred to are the flat-boatmen, who dot the river bank during several months of the year. All of them live in the boats, most of them have a large family of small children, and every boat has a contingent force of dogs distributed in the ratio of about three curs to every man, woman and child on the craft. The men are mostly sallow and sickly, and the women and children scrawney and rawboned. A reporter made a visit to the neighborhood. Just at the foot of the waterworks a number of flats were found tied up. Approach to the boats was cut off for some time by a yelping and mangy pack of hungry curs. A tall man made his appearance and in a suspicious manner inquired what was wanted. He said he was willing to tell what he knew about flatboating and seated himself on a log. Six or seven of his children of assorted sizes disposed themselves around to listen. The man was possibly forty-five years of age and clad in garments which were equally remarkable for patches and varieties of color. He stated that he enjoyed his semi-maritime life and thought it as pleasant as any other work he could get.

"How frequently do you make your trips to New Orleans?"

"Oh, not more than once in three years. They do not pay, you see, and we rarely make them."

"What does it generally cost for a trip of that kind?"

"Well, fifty-five cents to $1 per day.

"What is your plan on such runs?"

"We generally prepare for the trip a month or six weeks ahead, and cut loose from here or wherever we may be three or four weeks before the snow and stormy weather sets in."

"What is your first landing-place after you leave this port?"

"We stop at Cairo to take observations and lay in extra supplies. I tell you Cairo is the greatest of all places in this country for flatboats. On the trip we work more with the fishing tackle than anything else, and sell our catch to the towns along, and sometimes trade in knick-knacks."

"How long does it take you to make one of your southern trips?"

"Sometimes four months and sometimes only three."

"If the trip is successful what does it pay you?"

"On my last cruise south I made, clear of expenses, $200; but then I was gone five months. The average is $100 for a trip in the fishing business."

"Are there many flatboats moving south in the fall of the year?"

"I have known 200 or more going south at the same time. Some of the men are single but many of them have families, like myself. When we reach the end of our trip we generally sell our boats and come back on the deck of some steamer."

"What work do you do when you are stopping here?"

"When we get back our first work is to build another flat. In high floods we are out in skiffs on the watchout for logs that have got away from above. If the owners come we are always paid and return the logs. We also catch driftwood, cut it into cord-wood length and dispose of it to glass factories, mills, etc., at from $2.50 to $3 per cord. When there is no wood floating we go in skiffs fifteen or twenty miles up the river to some of the drift heaps, make wood rafts and tow them down to St. Louis, and sometimes we pull lumber out of the river; but most always the lumber companies have their regular men to do the work, you know."

The man declared that he and his family, who traveled with him, were not often sick. He seemed to think the life he was leading as conducive to longevity as any other. He said that he was sure that there were as many as 1,500 flatboatmen in the western country, and at least 500 made the southern trip every year. He closed the conversation by saying that in places where he stopped he paid considerable attention to the education of his children, and he knew he was as prosperous and as happy as most men who had to work for a living.

A Large Estate in California.

The possessions of some of the great landowners of this section are prodigious. It is a favorite story that certain men are able to drive a herd of cattle from the northern counties of the State to San Diego, at its extreme southern limit, and quarter the animals every night upon their own territory. Haggin, Carr, and Tevis, whose property I was privileged to examine considerably in detail, have some four hundred thousands acres. Much of this was secured for a mere trifle while in the condition of waste land, and afterwards redeemed. A neighbor who had acquired a great estate of a similar kind, mainly while holding the post of Surveyor General of the United States, drew forth one of the best bonmots of President Lincoln. "Let me congratulate you," said Lincoln as this gentleman was retiring from office under his administration. "You have become monarch of about all you have surveyed."

The owners do not often live on their own estates, but leave them in the hands of managers, and draw the revenues. The Haggin, Carr and Tevis property is divided into a number of separate ranches, each with its resident superintendent. The Bellevue Ranch, so called, is the centre and focus of authority for the whole, Here is the residence and office of the general manager, and here are assembled a force of bookkeepers, engineers and mechanics, who keep the accounts, map, plan, supervise, construct and repair, and give to the whole the clockwork regularity of a great commercial enterprise. The numerous buildings constitute a considerable settlement. There is a "store" of general merchandise and supplies. A dormitory and a dining-hall have been erected for the laboring hands. A tower-like water tank, surmounted by a wind mill, and accommodating a milk room below, rises at one side. There are shops for the mechanics, capacious barns and long sheds filled with an interminable array of agricultural implements. It is worth while to take a walk past this collection of reapers, thrashers, sulky plows and rakes, and study out their uses. The immense "header and separator" rises from the rest like some awe-inspiring leviathan of the deep. A whole department is devoted to the "road scrapers," "buck-scrapers" and plows of various sorts used in the construction and dredging out of the irrigating ditches. The soil is, fortunately, free from stones, and the work is, for the most part, quite easy. One enormous plow is seen which is designed to be drawn by sixty yoke of oxen, and to cut at once a furrow five feet wide by four deep. Like the famous steamship Great Eastern, it has defeated itself by pure bulk, and is not now in use.

More than $500,000 has been expended on the great estate in the item of fencing alone. An average of four hundred laborers is employed, and in the harvest season seven hundred. The rate of wages is quoted at from $2.50 to $3 per day for mechanics, and $1 per day to common hands. This seems low as compared with information from other sources and that which appears in the chronic complaints of the scarcity of farm labor in the California papers.

No great portion of this domain appears to be now in the market at the disposal of settlers of small means, though the attention is avowed of offering some of it in this way when all shall have been thoroughly reclaimed. Numerous tracts, however, are occupied on very favorable terms by renters, as they are called. They take from 120 to 600 acres. Very many of them are Portuguese and Italians. They are usually unmarried, work in companies of from six to fifteen persons, and wear the red Garibaldi shirt. The renter is provided by his landlords with a house, an artesian well, a credit to a moderate amount at the general store, and the use of some cows. He has the milk of the cows but must give their increase to the estate. His lease runs three years, and he pays as rent one-third of his crop. Instances of large profits are frequent among these persons, and no doubt the same opportunities are open to others who may wish to follow their example.

An Old Rifle.

1776.—Curious that a century ago a breech-loading rifle, which enabled those armed with it to seize every advantage of cover, should have been invented, brought into use, and then lost sight of. American writers note that, during the Revolutionary war, Ferguson's rifle "was used with effect by his corps," and the biographer of Washington says of its inventor: "The British extolled him as superior to the American Indians in the use of the rifle—in short, as being the best marksman living." An account of its exhibition before Lord Townsend, then Master-General of the Ordnance, is to be found in the "Annual Register" of 1st June, 1776. "Some experiments were tried at Woolwich before Lord Viscount Townsend, Lord Amherst, Gens. Hervey and Desaguiliers, and a number of other officers, with a rifle-gun, upon a new construction, by Capt. Ferguson, of the Seventieth Regiment; when that gentleman, under the disadvantage of a heavy rain and a high wind, performed the following four things, none of which had ever before been accomplished with any small arm; First, he fired during four or five minutes at a target, at 200 yards' distance, at the rate of four shots each minute; second, he fired six shots in one minute; third, he fired four times per minute, advancing at the rate of four miles in the hour; fourth, he poured a bottle of water in the pan and barrel of the piece when loaded, so as to wet every grain of powder, and in less than half a minute fired with her as well as ever without extracting the ball. He also hit the bull's-eye at 100 yards lying with his back on the ground: and notwithstanding the unequalness of the wind and wetness of the weather, he only missed the target three times during the whole course of experiments, The Captain has since taken out a patent for the said improvements." The invention attracted a good deal of attention, and before long was exhibited before the King at Windsor by some private men of the Guards. But in the presence of majesty the marksman were shy, and shot wild. "They would not." said the captain, "be so embarrassed in the presence of your Majesty's enemies." Ferguson then took a rifle himself, and nine shots which he fired at the distance of 100 yards put five balls into the bull's-eye of the target and four within as many inches of it. Three of these shots were fired as he lay on his back, the other six standing erect. Being asked how often he could lead and fire in a minute, he said seven times; but added, pleasantly, that he could not undertake in that time to knock down five of his Majesty's enemies."

The Mechanic's Capital.

The mechanic is sometimes looked upon as a man without capital. Sometimes he looks upon himself in this light. This is all a mistake. The man who earns $1,000 a year has not only capital, but in these times of low interest, he has considerable capital. The manufacturer and the merchant aim to increase their capital by a judicious handling of the present means. The mechanic does, or should try, to increase his in the same way. Knowledge to the mechanic is capital, because it enables him to command more for his services. If he possesses the skill of the workman, he can make that skill earn him a certain sum per year, which sum is the exponent of the capital, he has invested in his business. If, to the skill of workman, he adds the knowledge of the man who thinks beyond present purposes, he earns more, or, in other words, he increases his capital. The young machinist, for instance, who learns machine drawing, is morally certain at some time to find use for it where it will stand exactly to him as the money of the capitalist stands to its possessor; though this is hardly a fair statement, because he will at once find use for it. When the man who earn $1 000 a year by virtue of his skill as a workman adds such knowledge to his business as to earn $2,000, he has as surely doubled his capital as the man who has twice as much money to invest in his business as he formerly had. It is earnestly advised that every apprentice to the machine business shall do a little calculation for himself on this subject, always remembering that capital which is the result of skill and knowledge is seldom at a discount and never lost. It is just at this time in their lives when habits are formed, that to a great extent determine the working capital with which they are to go through life.

We often pretend to fear what we really despise, and more often despise what we really fear.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7., 1882.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
¼ column,...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,...	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs P C Weidenmyer and J D Shortess Preach's

Rev. J. D. Shortess will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1½p. M.—Rev. C.F. Gephart, Sup't

Missionary Society meets on the second Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at A. M.—D. A. Musser, Supt

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Regular services in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, German.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Regular services next Sunday morning.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Communion Services at Penn's Creek church next Sunday morning. Preaching in Millheim at 2½, P. M.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander Supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. W. L. BRIGHT, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½, P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. A. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Pres't.

LESS "POLITICS"—MORE NEWS.

From this time on for a season the *Journal* will give its readers less political matter but more news, especially general news. Not that we feel one whit less interest in public affairs, nor would we have the people less watchful of what our representatives in state and national legislatures, as well as other public officials, are doing, or what they leave undone. Every citizen and voter should be well informed on the passing political events of his country, and every one expects to read them in his own paper. These we will endeavor to publish, faithfully and regularly, but the common regulation campaign literature of the day will cease for awhile in the *Journal*, even at the risk of having its party orthodoxy called into question,

We assume that by this time the general public is pretty thoroughly informed that Pattison is elected Governor of Pennsylvania, and that he will be a "just splendid" Governor, notwithstanding his relative youth; that Gov. Cleveland, of New York, has a majority just a tride too clumsy for any practical use; that the big Democratic broo made all but a clear sweep over the whole 'land of the free;" that the next congress will have a Democratic majority and elect a Democratic Speaker; that our dressy and showy Stalwart President is by no means a second Washington, and that Don Cameron and the other big and little Stalwart bosses are about the worst and wickedest set of men in politics this side of Pandemonium.

Now the *Journal* don't care to repeat these and other well-established facts in slightly varied form, week after week, throughout the entire year.

"There is a time for everything," and even party papers would do well to revert to the time-honored adage of the old poilosopher, once in a while. The paper that cannot for a season at least lift itself out and above the well-worn campaign rut has but a low conception of the duties and responsibilities of journalism.

There are other and to the *Journal* more congenial lines of duty. We will strive in the future as we have done in the past, to make ours a live, readable, instructive and chaste *local* and family paper. We are very free to confess that we never yet nearly reached our ideal of what such a paper should be, and never may, but are doing the very best we can with our modest abilities and the material at command.

In our local department we give all the mentionable incidents, happenings, and particularly all the material improvemenrs obtainable in the community. True, we cannot publish everything that occurs, and it is sometimes very difficult to get full and accurate details of the more important events in the neighborhood. And just here we will refer to one matter which perhaps we should have mentioned before now: We do not publish marriage or obituary notices unless furnished with the proper data by responsible persons. We will not *guess* at the names of those who get married, or at the ages of those who depart this life, as the manner of some is It grates harshly upon the bereaved hearts, as well as upon the happy spirits of those immediately concerned. This is the reason the *Journal* is sometimes a week behind other papers in giving these anxiously looked-for notices.

It would be an easy matter to fill our columns with *general* news to the exclusion of everything else—and this would be the easiest way to edit a paper. We glean from the dailies—largely from such first class papers as the Philadelphia *Times*—whatever in our opinion is most useful and instructive. We have a strong aversion to publishing the revolting details of every murder, hanging, suicide, prize fight and other crimes and scandals that are becoming so common in this great country, although they are sought and read with insatiable greed by a large class of people. They are not proper reading matter for the family circle, for they neither instruct nor improve, but have a strong tendency to debase and corrupt both mind and morals, especially of the young.

A public journal should take advanced grounds in educational and school matters, in the temperance cause, in every progressing and projected improvement. It should freely commend everything good and noble, and as fearlessly condemn every wrong. But who is equal to all these multitudinous and high duties?

Having set out at some length the intended course of the *Journal* in the near future, and having arrived as we hope, at a fair understanding with our patrons and friends, we will labor on cheerfully and hopefully.

CONGRESS MEETS.

SENARE.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—The senate was called to order at noon by President pro tem. Davis. After prayer by the chaplain the customary resolutions were adopted for the appointment of a committee to notify the President and the house that the senate was ready for business.

Mr Brown then, in a solemn and feeling manner, announced the death of Senator Hill of Georgia, and the senate at 2 50, as a token of respect for the memory of the deceased, adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—The second session of the Forty-seventh congress opened at 11 o'clock. The desk occupied last session by the late Representative Updegraff was tastefully dressed in black and ornamented by a basket of flowers. In his opening prayer, the chaplain alluded feelingly to to the deaths of Representatives Lowe and Updegraff. The speaker then formally declared the session opened and the clerk proceeded to call the roll of members. The call disclosed the presence of 202 members. A resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee to inform the President and the senate that the house was ready to proceed to business.

The President's message was read and ordered to be printed. The deaths of Representatives Low, of Alabama and Updegraff, of Ohio, were announced and as marks of respect to their memories the house at 3 10 adjourned.

PATTISON'S CABINET.

Three Speculations About It—Stenger Looming Up—Cassidy, Buckalew, Hay and Jenks.

The Pattison Cabinet is freely discussed among the politicians now, and speculation is rife among the Democratic leaders as to how the new administration is to be organized. It is credibly stated that Ex-Assistant District Attorney John R. Reed was first the leading man for Secretary of the Commonwealth, but Cassidy then looomed up for Attorney General, and that halted Reed in the race. The Secretaryship then wandered westward, according to current rumor, and struck Malcom Hay, of Allegheny, but he is not in harmony with Cassidy, and he is now regarded as having placed himself out of the range of Cabinet honors. It is hinted that he would have accepted the Attorney Generalship, but not the Secretaryship. There is a matter of four thousand dollars difference in the salary of the two positions—the Secretaryship being worth, including fees, about $7,000 per annum, and the Attorney Generalship $11,000.

The latest rumor that is rapidly crystalizing into Democratic belief, is that Ex-Congressman William S. Stenger, of Chambersburg, is likely to be tendered the Secretaryship of the commonwealth, and that the Attorney Generalship oscillates between Lewis C. Cassidy, of this city, Charles R Buckalew, of Columbia, and George A. Jenks, of Jefferson, All are strong and experienced lawyers. There is formidable opposition to Cassidy in his own party in this city, and all the Senatorial candidates for 1885 would look with suspicion upon his appointment to the Pattison Cabinet. Mr. Cassidy has not avowed his desire to be appointed, and it is possible that he may solve the problem by declining altogether, in which case it is believed that Buckalew would have more than an even chance for winning.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Hess, late of Haines township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL S. FIEDLER, Executor.

6t

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—The subscriber, executor of the estate of John Hess, late of Haines township, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, one half mile north of Farmers' Store in Haines township, Centre county, Pa., on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28TH, 1882,

the following described valuable real estate, consisting of one first class farm, adjoining lands of Henry Fiedler, John C. Stover, Charles Smith and others, containing 136 acres, all cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Thereon erected a large dwelling house, bank barn and all other necessary outbuildings. A young, thrifty orchard of choice fruit and a never-failing streamlet of water on the premises. Altogether a very valuable farm.

ALSO,

27 acres of timber land situate on Brush Mountain, in said township, adjoining lands of George Wolf and others.

ALSO,

75 acres, more or less, of very valuable timber land in Pine Creek Hollow near John C. Motz's saw mill. This tract is well covered with fine pine and hemlock wood.

ALSO,

28 acres, more or less, of timberland, situate in Pine Creek Hollow, near steam saw mill, mostly hemlock and chestnut,

ALSO,

1 acre of land, adjoining lands of Fred. Weaver in said township, on which is a good lime stone quaarry.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, M., of said day, when terms will be made known by

M. S. FIEDLER, Executor.

A. HARTER, Auctioneer. ts

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Keen, late of the Borough of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KEEN, Administrator.

6t

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE MOUNTAIN LAND.—The undersigned has been appointed by the heirs of George and John Wolf, Henry Stover and other owners, to sell all that CERTAIN TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, situate about one mile north east from Aaronsburg, adjoining lands of Wm. Condo, Daniel Lenker, Joseph Holloway, Jacyb Wolf, George Bright, F. J. Weaver, Enoch Kreamer and others, known as the Stover & Wolf tract, containing about one hundred and seventy acres.

Sale in Millheim on Saturday, December 16th, next, at one o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by

JONATHAN HARTER.

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Miles township, on or about the 15th of Sept. last, a steer about two years old, reddish yellow color, white along belley, with cut in right ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take the same away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.

U. S. SHAFER.

Oct. 26, 1881 3m

NOTICE.—I have for collection the sale notes of John Bame, which will be due December 15th, inst.; John Zarker, due December 22d, inst.; Henry N. Kreamer, due December 25th, inst. All concerned will please take notice,

D. L. ZERBY.

43-3t

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.	9 P M
Montandon.....	7 65	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg.....	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground.....	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl.....	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg.....	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg.....	8.00ar	11.00-ar le.	2.55 3 05		
Millmont.....	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton.....	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run.....	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run.....	9.15		4.25		
Fowler.....	9.35		4.47		
Coburn.....	9.48		5.00		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4	6	8 P. M.	10
Spring Mills.....		5.50		1.50	
Coburn.....		6 18		2.20	
Fowler.....		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run.....		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run.....		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton.....		7.30		3.40	
Millmont.....		7.40		3.52	
Mifflinburg.....		8.00	A. M. 11.45	4.15	
Vicksburg.....		8.15	P. M. 12.10	4.32	
Biehl.....		8 20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground.....	A. M. 8.30		12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg.....	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.39
Montandon ar	6.45 ar.	9.00 ar	1.05 ar.	5.20 ar	7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Official Announcement.

Change of Time on Phila. & Erie R. R.

JUNE 5, 1882.

Sea Shore Express leaves Montandon at 9.07 A. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 11.40 A. M., Philadelphia 3.20 P. M., New York 6 25 P. M., making close connection at Philadelphia for all sea shore points.

Day Express leaves Montandon at 1.50 P. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 5.55 P. M., Philadelphia 7 35 P. M., New York 10.35 P. M., Baltimore 7.30 P. M., Washington 8.47 P. M. Parlor Car through to Philadelphia.

Williamsport Accommodation leaves Montandon at 7.48 P. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 10.25, Philadelphia 2.55 A. M., New York 6.15 A. M. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured on this train at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 A. M.

Erie Mail and Fast Line East will be consolidated into one train, leaving Montandon at 1.39 A. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 4.05 A. M., Philadelphia 7 20 A. M., New York 10.25 A. M., Baltimore 7.40 A. M. Washington 9.02 A. M. Through sleeping cars will be run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves Montandon at 6.52 A. M., for Erie and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Niagara Express leaves Montandon at 2.00 P. M., for Kane and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Fast Line leaves Montandon at 5.50 P. M., for Lock Haven and intermediate points, Watkins and intermediate points.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

Get the Best.

Webster's Dictionary is the best. Every family should have a copy. Allison's Webster's Dictionary containing over 300 illustrations, 50,000 words and phrases, pronouncing vocabulary of scripture and proper names, list of mythological and classical names, United States census for 1880 and many other useful tables. Postpaid for only 50 cents. Address E. Florence & Co., P. O, box 1869, South Bend, Ind.

TWO GOOD BOOKS.

Chamber's Information for the People; or 1001 Things Worth Knowing, comprising the history and mystery of everything in common use. *Crabb's Handy Cyclopedia;* or Explanation of Words and Things connected with all the Arts and Sciences, illustrated with over 50 engravings nicely bound in cloth, gilt, size about 6 by 8 inches and nearly two inches thick. Retails at $1.50. Sample of either to *agents only*, for $1. or both for $2. Address E. Brent & Co. South Bend, Indiana.

SLATE!

The celebrated Washington Vein of

ROOFING SLATES

for Roofs, &c., from the famous SLATE QUARRIES OF SLATINTON, LEHIGH CO., PENNA.

Can Now Be Bought

AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES of the undersigned who is a practical Slate Roofer of many years experience Those in want of Slate and Roofing done can secure it

At The Lowest Rates.

Old buildings re-roofed at the lowest rates, without the assistance of other mechanics. For prices and terms call on or write to the undersigned at H. K. WHITMAN'S RESIDENCE,

Broadway Street, near P. & E. Depot,

MILTON, PA.

DUAN NEFF, Agent.

DR. J. W. STAM

is now permanently located at

Millheim,

and will give prompt attention to all medical calls at his office on

Main Street.

Try DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—It gives instant relief.

On the 2nd inst., at Aaronsburg, by Rev. Z. A Yearick, Mr. Benjamin F. Stover and Miss Mary Geistweite, both of Haines township.

Henderson's Leader.

IT IS NOT ONLY THE BEST-MADE, BUT IT IS THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING, QUIETEST AND SIMPLEST IN THE MARKET.

IT IS THE ACME OF PERFECTION IN WORKMANSHIP AND PRINCIPLE.

OUR MOTTO

PROTECTION TO DEALERS;
MAINTENANCE OF GOOD RETAIL PRICES;
NO PROMISCUOUS SCATTERING OF WHOLESALE PRICES.

Agents WANTED.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS

The Leader Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Chickering Pianos.

The Standard Piano of the World.

General Agency for these magnificent Instruments is at

J. R. SMITH & CO'S

Nos. 110, 112, and 114 Front St.,

MILTON, PA.

Cabinet Organs.

Smith, American, Estey, Taylor & Farley Bridgeport and others.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

Largest Stock—Lowest Prices.

Our sales exceed those of any house in our line in the state. Buying in immense quantities direct from the manufacturers for *CASH*, we defy competition.

All Goods are at Actual Value.
No Fictitious Prices. All Fully Warranted.

It will pay any one contemplating the purchase of an instrument, or anything in our line to call and get quotations.

Catalogues and Prices by mail on application.

J. R. SMITH & CO.

ARRIVAL

OF

FALL & WINTER MILLINERY GOODS

AT

Anna M. Weaver's.

I have now in stock a complete line of

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS & BONNETS,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

ANNA M. WEAVER,

Penn Street, opposite Hartman's Foundry, MILLHEIM, PENNA.

Established 1841.

THE FORSYTH SCALE COMPANY,

YOUNGSTOWN, O.,

Manufacture all kinds of

SCALES

OF THE

FIRST QUALITY

AND AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Send for Catalogue.

ALSO

Letter Presses,
WAREHOUSE TRUCKS,
AND
BAGGAGE BARROWS.

Once More to the Front.

Bee Hive

Lock Haven, a.

FIRST GOODS

FOR THE

FALL SEASON FOR 1882.

We have now what we think the Largest and Most Attractive Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever brought to this city and are now better prepared to show you than we ever were before, owing to the fifty-foot extension put to our store. It gives us much more room to show our goods, more satisfactory to ourselves and to our customers. Now we don't want to annoy you with a long advertisement, but will give you some few points worth knowing and it will be worth your time when in Lock Haven to call and see our goods, whether you wish to buy or not.

DRESSGOODS.

In this we can safely say that there never was such a stock brought to this city as we have now to show you; as fine as any house in Philadelphia. The assortment is not quite so large, this we will admit, but we have the new things and that is all we want.

PLUSHES AND VELVETS

Are the rage this Fall and they are indeed very pretty. We have them in all the new shades and as low in price as you will find them in Philadelphia or New York.

Brocade Velvets in all shades,

Brocade Plushes in all shades,

Stripe Velvets in all shades,

Stripe Satin Ottoman,

Plain a tin Ottoman.

EMBROIDERED DRESSES FROM $25 TO $42.

Together with these we have Plain Plushes, Plain Colored Velvets, $1.25 and $2.50. Black Velvets, $1.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.25 and $5.00. Together with all these fine goods we have Plain Suitings, Stripe Suitings, Plain Flannel suitings, with Braids in all colors to match. We will say again we can certainly show you a fine line of goods and can suit any customer from the lowest to the very best goods in the market; all we ask is an examination. Now, we have already taken up considerable space for our DRESS GOODS; we have not much room to say much about other goods, but we have them and at prices that are as low as any one can possibly sell them, and the advantage you have by buying from us, you will have so much more to select from. Our.

Flannel and Underwear

DEPARTMENTS

Have never been so well stocked as this season. We bought these goods in large quantities, as last Winter, you know, was not very cold and we have every reason to believe that this will be a severe one. In view of this we bought largely in these goods and can sell you better goods for less money than any other house in the city. Particular attention is called to our RED TWILL FLANNEL, a splendid article. Stripe and Checked Scarlet Flannels 75 cents. Gents Scarlet Shirts and Draw ers, a large assortment. Gents' Plain Shirts and Drawers at 75c. plenty at the big drive in

LADIES' WHITE VEST

AT 50 CENTS,

We could keep on naming a great many goods yet, but space will not permit. All we ask is to come and see for yourself and be convinced that all we have told you is true.

BEE HIVE STORE

13 MAIN STREET, LOCK HAVEN,

J. F. EVERETT & CO.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7., 1882.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

Business is booming

—*Please bring that wood.*

—The Millheim B. & L. Association meets next Monday evening. Get your cash ready, meanwhile.

—Tuesday, January 9, has been appointed by the temperance people as a day of prayer for the noble cause.

—Deininger & Musser are just now engaged in building a fine, large. beautiful and chaste monument for the late Mr. Amos Alexander, deceased.

right briskly at the

—Mr. P. H. Meyer, of Boalsburg, expects to begin a singing school here. First meeting in school house, Saturday evening Decbr. 9th.

—Cold, did you say? Yes, rather—but that's just what Vennor and the other big and little prophets have long since threatened.

—Read D. L. Zerby's notice in another column, then go and pay your vendue notes, if you owe any; but if you don't owe any don't pay any.

JOURNAL STORE,

Don't forget the great closing out sale at Stam's store every Saturday afternoon and evening in December. Big bargains in all kinds of goods. See large bills. tf

—Mr. P. B. Stover, of Lincoln county, Kansas, who is now here on a visit to his relatives and friends, made the Journal office a call last week. Philip looks hale and hearty and seems well satisfied with his new western home.

and don't you put off

—Reuben and John Grimm will offer the valuable homestead of the late Daniel Grimm, in Madisonburg, together with four vacant building lots and 48 acres of mountain land at public sale, Tuesday Decr. 26th. instant. See bills.

—A. J. Harter, at Musser's tannery, keeps all kinds and grades of leather on hand which he sells at the lowest prices for cash or in exchange for hides. Mr. Harter is an experienced tanner and furrier and a square business man besides. Try him. tf

coming to buy your

Inventors and Patentees

should send for instructions, reasonable terms, references, &c., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. who furnish the same *without charge*. Edson Brothers is a well known and successful firm of large experience, having been established in 1865. tf

—Mr. J. A. Limbert our accomodating mail carrier on the Coburn—Woodward route hereby informs his many friends and patrons along the line that he will carry packages of almost all kinds and sizes at very reasonable rates. Thanking them for their past favors he respectfully solicits their further patronage.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

—M. S. Fiedler, executor, will sell valuable real estate of the late John Hess, deceased, Thursday, Decbr. 28th next. The farm is reputedly the finest and best in Haines township, and the several tracts of timber land are very valuable. Read notice in another column.

—A kind, christain lady residing "up the valley" who wouldn't just care to have her name mentioned in this public way, is fattening a fine turkey for us for the coming festive season. It makes us feel sort'r independent and *sassy* and we have a big notion not to recognise just any common country editor for a spell.

or your own supplies

—Harris' fine Millinery establishment, Fancy Goodsand General Variety Store, in Lewisburg is a full-grown and complete concern of its kind. In its great assortment, in the superior quality of the goods and the cheapness of the prices, we know of no store in this part of the state that can compete with it. These solid facts, together with a liberal policy in advertising have secured for the enterprising proprietor a very large trade. Read advertssement in another column.

until the finest and best

—The Northern Conference of the Ev. Luth. Synod of Central Pennsylvania had an interesting session at Salona, Clinton county, Nov. 21st, 22nd and 23rd. The essays, discussions and general proceedings of this body of ministers are always very interesting and profitable, not only to the members but to the community where they meet, and they are welcome to come to any place within the bounds of the district, embracing Union, Centre and Clinton counties.

The officers for the ensuing year are: Rev. S. E. Furst, Bellefonte, President; Rev. Geo. S. Diven, Boalsburg, Secretary; Rev. John Tomlinson, Aaronsburg, Treasurer..

Next meeting will be at Zion, April 17th, 18th, 19th, 1883.

of everything is gone.

DEDICATION.

December 31st, instant, *Deo Volente*, the chapel of the St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church at Millheim, Pa., will be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God, with appropriate ceremonies. Rev. W. E. Fisher, of Centre Hall, will preach the dedicatory sermon in the morning at ten o'clock. Rev. S. Henry, of Mifflinburg, will preach on Saturday evening previous, also on Sabbath evening, and do the soliciting on Sabbath morning.

JOHN TOMLINSON,
Pastor.

—All right now, *Reese*, aint a bit mad, thank you. Our forgettor sometimes *gets* us into bad snaps too, but it has seen longer and harder use than yours—that's the difference.

—On Tuesday evening we received the following telegram:

Muncy, Pa., Dec. 5th, 1882.

E. A. Bumiller, JOURNAL OFFICE:

Announce a meeting for me for Saturday evening, to organize a convention for next week.

J. H. KURZENKNABE.

The basement of the M. E. Church has been procured for this meeting, where particulars will be given.

—John H. Swartz is the walking scientific and mechanical encyclopedia in these diggins. It is not at all necessary for any of our people to rack their brains on any subject in science generally or in the mechanic arts specially, that comes in their way. They can only ask John how it all is. That's how we do.

—We see by the Girard (Kansas) *Press* that Mr. A. A. Krape, of Lena, Illinois, is re-elected County Superintendent of Stephenson county by the flattering majority of 819, although Stephenson county is largely Republican and Mr. Krape a Democrat. He is a son of Mr. William Krape, formerly of Penn township, but for many years a resident of Illinois.

—Last Friday Luther and Cornelius Musser, sons of David J. Musser, of near Penn Hall, came very near having an ugly mishap. Coming up the hill this side of Smithtown they met another conveyence with a white horse at which their own horse shied, reared, jumped, upset the buggy, spilling Lute and Neal on the road. The shafts were considerably demoralized, the boys badly scared but not much hurt.

MORAL: Don't meet white horses on the road, especially not at a hill, if your own horse is afraid of them.

—The Rockford Stockings,
Rockford Stockings,
Stockings,
The Rockford Mittens,
Rockford Mittens,
Mittens.

Are the best,
the best,
best,
In the World,
the World,
World.

No don't call us a *gentleman* and say "*'Sbobbeer is geduldich*" because we say so and have them to sell. Just try one pair of both or either and you will be convinced that the half has not been told. tf

—Those of our subscribers who promised us wood, or to speak exactly correct, those whom we expected to bring wood, are a little slow in coming around with it. Friends, you don't want us to eat our victuals raw, nor to freeze during the cold winter which everybody thinks is before us, and so we give you this gentle reminder that five to ten cords would be acceptable any day. In order to write and print you a good paper we must be well warmed, well clothed, well fed and otherwise well treated. *Dann kann d'r Bensch schreiwe dasz es en Art hot.*

A $20.00 Bible Reward

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* offer twelve valuable rewards in their *Monthly* for December, among which is the following:

We will give $20.00 in gold to the person telling us how many verses there are in the New Testament Scrip (not the New Revision) by December 10th, 1882. Should two or more correct answers be received, the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner December 15th, 1882. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the Christmas *Monthly*, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published. This may be worth $20.00 to you; cut it out. Address RUTLEDGE PUBLISHING COMPANY, Easton, Penna.

—500 MEN WANTED, on or before Jan. 1st, next, to subscribe for the MILLHEIM JOURNAL, a live, readable family paper, at the popular price of *one dollar a year*. But we ask it as a personal favor, friends, do not come all in one lump. Our modest little sanctum wouldn't hold you all. Please come in squads of ten to twenty at a time. We can then receive your cash, fill out your receipts and book your names systematically and without the least confusion, *and* $500 *just at this time would place our consumpted bank account in good, healthy condition.* Yes indeed would it.

—THE ENTERTAINMENT by the Ladies of the Lutheran congregation here promises to be a big thing, judging from the extensive preparations that are being made and the information daily received of the number of people who expect to come and patronise it. We are authorized to state that a good dinner or supper, consisting of coffee (!) chicken (!!) and waffles (!!!) will be served at 25 cents. Oysters, ice cream, candies and other delicacies at regular prices as elsewhere. No dead heads whatever. The members of the congregation as well as the cooks and waiters will all pay for what they eat. Measures are being made to preserve the strictest order and decorum. *Proceeds for the purchase of a bell for the new church.* 2t

—The other week we bought some clothing at Lewin's Philadelphia Branch Clothing House, Bellefonte, and embraced the opporrunity to look through the mammoth establishment. It is really a big concern, whether we concider the spacious store room or the immense stock of goods on hand. In the clothing line proper you will find simply everything, from an overcoat down to a garter, that men wear either for use or show. Overcoats and suits are especially fine and cheap. Besides clothing Mr. Lewin keeps a full line of trunks, satchels, umbrellas, &c. We know of no better place to buy than the Philadelphia Branch. They understand their business thoroughly and know how to treat their customers. Try them if you never did before, 2t

—A party of hunters consisting of A. N. Greninger, Samuel Alter, Schreckengast and two Lucases, were out in the Green Woods region on the Allegheny Mountains. They stayed three weeks and returned an Saturday. Seventeen fine deer—ten of which were brought to Coburn—was the result of the expedition. Ten beautiful deer, some of them very large bucks, on a pile is indeed a rare sight these days.

—Last Saturday George Harter, Will Ulrich and Charley Held, three of our young men went out with guns on Brush mountain, in their first attempt at hunting. Sure, George had the good luck to shoot what in hunter's language is called a *spike buck*, in the neighborhood of the Horner House. The buck was severely wounded and bled freely, but got away from George, who followed with his dog. The dog soon caught up and wrestled with the deer, the deer got away from the dog and ran another short distance and was shot a second time by a hunting party from Brush Valley. George came up to the party and of course demanded the deer as his game, but the other party denied George's claim and made off with the deer, thus robbing our young Nimrod of his trophy. Abs. Harter, the boy's father, is on the war-path about the matter and an exciting law suit is in prospect.

News Miscellany.

A Catholic priest at Morrow, Ohio, having denounced a woman from his pulpit as a thief, was killed by her husband.

The Lewistown Gaz. has discovered that it "looks rather odd to see a healthy-looking, strapping young man ask a poor woman who makes her living by washing or hard work, for a piece of bread and butter and a cup of coffee."

A Snake Shot from a Gun.

Cosmus Eckenrode, who lives on the Blue Mountains, near the line of the Berks and Schuylkill, was out hunting on Monday last. As he was crossing a small clearing he laid down his gun for a while to gather some Blue Mountain tea. Shortly after he picked it up again and was startled to hear very close to his ear the peculiar whirring which is the signal of the proximy of a rattlesnake. He looked hastily around, but could discover nothing, when suddenly he discovered the tail of the snake protruding from the muzzle of his gun. He dropped the gun quickly, but instead of coming out his snakeship crawled into the barrel again. After fruitless efforts to dislodge him Mr. Eckedrode resolved to fire the gun, which was loaded with powder and shot This plan was very successful, and the snake, after taking a trip in the air, came down in shreds, badly used up.

How Budd, of California, Got In.

The most astonished man in California at the present time is probably James H. Budd, M. C., of San Joaquin. To say that Mr. Budd never dreamed that the people of the Second Congressional district would elect him to the place so long disgraced by Horace F. Page is to express a mild opinion of the situation. At the convention which nominated him some one said: "Who shall we put up *this* time?" Lambs for the slaughter were not numerous. "Hold on a minute," finally said a delegate; "Drve Terry has got a man; I'll go and get him." He disappeared, but returned in a moment with Budd. Mr. Budd did not like the idea, but the little knot of delegates gathered around him and one of them said: "Why, take it, Jim; it won't hurt you We all have to get beat at first." The others echoed: "Yes, take it," and Mr. Budd, with his hands in his pockets and his hat rakishly tipped to one side, mounted the platform. "Of course I can't beat Frank Page," he said, "but I'll give him as lively a rattle as I can, you bet."

Not Work, But Worry.

We do not believe that work alone, even when fairly prolonged and severe, frequently shortens life. It is rather the worry that too often goes hand-in-hand with it. Our furious methods of work, our intense excitement, these are the evils that are to be deprecated above all others. Of course, we assent to Emerson's doctrine that a man must first of all be "a good animal." We say Amen! to the preaching of "gospel of relaxation," as well as to the scriptural maxim, to learn of the ant. Monotonous daily toil will furrow the face and make the healthy, hearty child prematurely old. Intense application to business breaks down many a merchant. Black Fridays will kill or maim many a stock broker or speculator, whether in grain, or cotton, or stocks. But what does all this mean? A struggle for bread, an intense strain on the nervous system, a heedless, headstrong harry to be rich. The mast that will endure a steady gale will snap and go by the board after oft-repeated sudden squalls.

St. Elmo Hotel,
Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

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The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

MARRIED.

On the 21st ult., at Aaronsburg, by Rev. Z. A. Yearick, Mr. Emanuel Eungard and Miss Susan S. Van Nadie, both of Haines township.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	90
" new, No. 2	80
" " No. 3	75
Corn	70
Rye	40
Oats White	
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25.00
Salt, per Bbl.	1.75
Plaster, ground	9.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	1.75
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	28
Hams	16
Sides	12
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	28
Potatoes	40
Lard	12
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

P. H. STOVER,
—DEALER IN—
Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coal,
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Salt.
COBURN, PA.

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☞A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price

☞Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.

☞The public patronage respectfully solicted. 89ly

Japanese Crepe.

In order to introduce our Japanese Crepe goods we will send postpaid to any address on receipt of fifty cents, or 17 three-cent stamps, the following: 1 window banner, size 13 by 24 inches, with rich color and deep border; 1 tidy, size 8 by 11 inches, very handsome; 1 lamp mat 27 inches in circumference, perfectly lovely; 1 wall screen, large and handsome. Address E. Florence & Co., P. O. box 1860, South Bend, Indiana.

PATENTS.

Send a rough sketch or a model of your invention to GEORGE E. LEMON, Washington, D. C., and a Preliminary Examination will be made without charge, of all United States patents of the same class of inventions and you will be advised whether or not a patent can be obtained.

If you are advised that your invention is patentable, send $20, to pay Government fee of $15 and $5 for drawings required by the Government. This is payable when application is made. When allowed, the attorney's fee ($25) and the final Government fee ($20) is payable. An attorney whose fee depends on his success in obtaining a Patent will not advise you that your invention is patentable unless it really is, so far as his best judgement can determine; hence, you can rely on the advise given after a preliminary examination is had. DESIGN, PATENTS and the REGISTRATION OF LABELS, TRADE MARKS, AND RE-ISSUES secured. CAVEATS prepared and filed. Applications in revivor of REJECTED, ABANDONED, or FORFEITED CASES made. If you have undertaken to secure your own patent and failed, a skillful handling of the case may lead to success. Send me a written request addressed to the Commissioner of Patents that he recognize GEORGE E. LEMON, of Washington, D. C. as your attorney in the case, giving the title of the invention and about the date of your application. An examination and report *will cost you nothing*. Remember, this office has been in successful operation since 1865, and reference can be given to actual clients in a most every county in the U. S. Pamphlet relating to Patents free upon requrst.

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JACOB KAMP.

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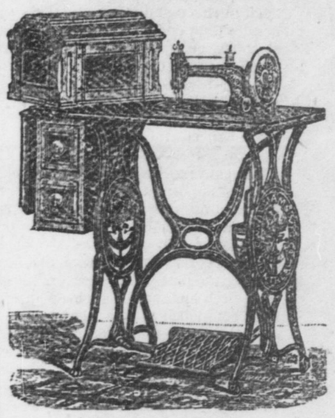

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347 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

TUTT'S PILLS
A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:
DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.
Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.
SYMPTOMS OF
A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.
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Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
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AGRICULTURE.

AN EXCELLENT FERTILIZER.—A German farmer once told the writer that every year he prepared a heap of manure which, when applied to his soil, made it produce marvelous yields. His mode of preparing it was as follows, to use his own language: "I have but one horse, one cow and about two dozen fowls. I save every particle of their droppings and place them under a shed which has a cemented floor; upon this I spread a layer of forest mold, and in order to preserve the ammonia in it I cover the dung with another of mold, taken from the woods close to my house. I continue this system of layering each time the stable, cow and hen houses are cleaned out. I also save the urine of the animals and that from my house, and pour it upon the heap sometimes. I also add a small quantity of litter from the stable, and, when not to busy to collect them, a lot of leaves. By attending to the heap in person, and seeing that all the manure is riginly saved I find on hand by the early spring a large quantity of the richest fertilizer I have ever used. During the few winter mouths it has thoroughly rotted, and, when needed to spread upon my garden, it resembles a heap of ashes, so completely is it pulverized. My garden consists of five acres of ground, which receives this valuable manure. On a farm where twenty or thirty horses, mules and cattle are kept, and a flock of sheep and a fair number of fowls, besides their combined droppings, if treated as above, enough of this excellent fertilizer could be saved each year to thoroughly manure fifteen or twenty acres of land and no farmer should be at a loss to have what manure he requires, for this is the foundation of successful farming.

PRESERVING BEANS.—The bean crop has been an important one in this country. New England has taught us to eat beans, and they have become a staple diet. In ordinary times vast quantities are consumed by the poorer or more economical classes. During the past year, however, those who have been looking for a cheap dish, have been compelled to cast their eyes in some direction other than "beanward;" and as some people judge the quality of a thing wholly by the price, we suppose that the high price of beans has recommended them to many who thought little of them before. However that may be, they will always enjoy a large patronage, and will form a substantial diet. A correspondent doubtfully impressed with the truth of these remarks, inquires how best to preserve beans. They heat easily, and are greatly damaged by heating. Consequently they should be thoroughly dry when put away. For this purpose have them thoroughly dried before preserving, and if this is done the whole problem of preserving is solved. They should be permitted to stand until frost comes, but not later, even if they are not fully grown, for if they are carefully cured beans may be pulled when quite green. If they are intended for the market, all the defective beans should be picked out. Running them through a fanning mill will clean them pretty thoroughly, but there will likely remain some discolored beans, and these hurt the sale. As with everything else that is marketed, beans, to bring the best price, must look well.

RED OAK.—Red oak is found in abundance in almost all parts of the country, and from its plentifulness and its unsuitableness for a large majority of the commercial uses in which white oak is utilized has been looked upon with contempt, but little reserved when its adaptability to the manufacture of furniture is taken into consideration. It is more brittle than white oak and more porous, and this has probably been the cause of its neglect for shipbuilding purposes, combined with the fact that it is more susceptible to the attacks of the marine insects which abound in salt water. It is not a wood which will stand the variations of wet and dry; and while white oak was to be had in abundance the red oak was thought fit only to be made into flour barrels. When sawed so as to fully develop the grain, there is no question of its beauty being equal to black walnut, in the eyes of those who are not prejudiced in favor of the rich dark color of the latter.

THE light crop of apples in almost every section of the country is ominous for the future. It can hardly be possible that climatic peculiarities of the present season are responsible for the nearly universal failure. A more probable cause is the spread of insect enemies, decreasing fertility, or some other reason as likely to produce a failure a year hence as now. The "off year" theory will not do; for this is not the off year in most sections, and in many places it is the second or third season when apples have proven a failure. Notwithstanding these disappointments, we shall continue to grow apples, but their culture will be restricted to those who will give the requisite time, skill and care to the business. When the almost universal culture of apples is abandoned, then they will not be so cheap as they have been, but they will be of a better quality and a reliable crop every year.

IT is usually quite as well to have cows calve in the fall; particularly where milk and butter are more important than the calf. With ensilage feeding, winter will prove the best time for butter-making, but the silo system will probably be slow in coming into general use and the Winter price of butter must be high for many years to come. The worst season of all to have a cow calve is in late Spring, or early Summer. The first flow of milk then comes at a time when it is least valuable and costs more labor and trouble to make into butter.

THE English farmer is discouraged at the diminution and uncertainty of the wheat crop. During the last seven years there has been a decrease of over one million acres in the planted wheat which creates a corresponding increase in the demand for imported grain. There is a sufficient surplus of American wheat this year, however, to meet all foreign demands without advancing the price at home, and much of it will assist in appeasing the appetite of Mr. Bull.

THE length of time that a cow goes dry has quite as much to do with her value as a milker as her butter product per week. Going dry for a long period is a matter of habit, and if a young heifer is not milked until pretty nearly her time for calving, her value as a cow will be greatly lessened thereafter? After drying up once for 3 or four months before calving, it is very difficult to get a cow to give a paying amount of milk later than this date at a subsequent time.

THE Boston *Traveler* says that the oldest inhabitant of Massachusetts has never known so complete a failure of the corn crop as the present year. Owing to the drought the pastures are bare and dead, the fields of fodder corn dried up, the farmers are cutting their fields of corn in the hope to save a little forage, having no hope of corn for the crib. Unbaled hay is already selling at $20 per ton at the barn.

OATS are still to a considerable extent the bread-grain of Scotland, though not ne[illegible] are used as formerly.

DOMESTIC.

POOR MAN'S SOUP.—Put one ounce of butter into a saucepan with three large onions shred fine and fry them a pale brown color; add half a tablespoonful of flour, stir for a few minutes, but do not allow the mixture to darken; then add one quart of common stock, previously flavored with carrots, turnips, celery, leeks and parsley boiled in it; stir until the soup boils, and season it to taste with pepper and salt. Peel one or two potatoes, cut them into small dice and put them to boil with the soup. Cut some crusts of bread in long pieces, dry them in the oven, and at the time of serving throw them into the soup, then stir into it off the fire the yolks of two eggs beaten up with a little milk and strained.

POTATO PASTRY.—Chop cold beef fine, season with pepper and add a little drawn butter, putting in parsley and onion pickle, chopped. Pour this mixture into a greased bake dish; cover with hard boiled-eggs, sliced. Work a large cup of mashed potatoes soft, with a cup of milk and two tablespoonfuls of butter. Add prepared flour until you can just roll it out—the softer the better, so long as you can handle it. Roll into a thick sheet. Spread upon the surface of your mince, printing the edges, and bake in a moderate oven to fine brown.

ONLY the finest roe shad should be used in frying. After cleaning, washing and wiping, split it and cut each side into four or five pieces. Sprinkle on salt, allowing a large teaspoonful to each one; pepper lightly; roll in flour and fry in lard or sweet dripping, seeing that it is at boiling point before the fish is put in. Fry to a bright brown, which will require not less than ten minutes; drain well and serve hot on a hot platter, garnishing with sliced lemon and parsley.

CUCUMBER TOAST.—Peel fresh, crisp cucumbers of medium size; cut lengthwise into slices and place in cold water for a few minutes; drain and dip each slice into flour; then fry quickly, until of a light brown, in butter or beef drippings. Placed the slice of buttered cucumber, hot from the pan, between slices of buttered toast and serve at once. The cucumbers may be seasoned with pepper and salt, and a little mustard may be added when taken from the pan.

PEAR BUTTER.—Cut the fruit in small pieces, removing the core, skin and all imperfections; allow a quarter of a pound of light brown sugar to each pound of fruit, and a half a pint of cold water to every two pounds of the pears; do not add the sugar until they have cooked an hour or so; then put it in with a quart of cider to each two pounds of sugar, and let all cook slowly, until a thick, marmalade-like substance is formed, which will be in about four hours. If it should seem to dry while cooking, add more cider.

BAKED CABBAGE.—Boil two firm white cabbages fifteen minutes, changing the water then for another from the boiling kettle. When tender, drain and set aside until perfectly cool. Chop fine and add two beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of butter, pepper, salt, three tablespoonfuls of rich milk or cream. Stir all well together and bake in a buttered pudding dish until brown. Eat very hot.

QUINCE AND APPLE JELLY.—Cut small and core an equal quantity of apples and quinces; put the quinces in a preserving kettle with water to cover them and boil until soft; add the apples, still keeping water to cover them, and boil until the whole is nearly a pulp; put the whole into a jelly bag and strain without pressing; add three-quarters of a pound of sugar to a pint of the juice, and boil together until it jellies.

HERE is something especially for the children: Make a light but not rich layer-cake; then shave up fine a cupful of nice white maple sugar; add about two tablespoonfuls of water; let this boil till, in the language of a cook, it "hairs from the spoon;" stir it till it begins to cool; have the white of an egg beaten to a standing froth; stir this into the sugar and spread between the layers of cakes.

TOMATO JAM.—Peel ripe tomatoes, taking out all seeds; put in preserving kettle with one-half pound of sugar to each pound of prepared tomato; boil two lemons soft and pound them fine; take out the pipes and add to the tomato; boil slowly, mashing to a smooth mass; when smooth and thick put in jars and tumblers.

QUINCE JELLY.—Slice the quinces without either paring or coring; put them into a preserving kettle and just cover with water; put over the fire and boil until soft; remove from the stove and strain off the liquor; to every gallon add four pounds of white sugar, and boil very fast until it becomes a stiff jelly.

Allen's Brain Food.

Cures Nervous Debility and Weaknes of Generative Organs, $1 all druggists Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy 313 First av. N. Y.

HICKORY NUT MACAROONS.—Take the meats and pound fine, add any spice you please, make frosting as for cake, and stir thick with the meats and spice. Flour the hands and make the mixture into balls the size of hickory-nuts. Place on buttered tins (allow room to spread), and bake in a quick oven.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

TOLEDO has one of the most exemplary Christian young ladies we ever knew. When kissed on the right cheek she always turns the left also.

If you can't "Bear" a cough, "Bull" it with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

THE eggs of most prize fowls are infertile from too much pampering and too little exercise. It is not best to fatten any animal intended for breeding purposes.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PLUMS.—Plums are excellent preserved in molasses, but if sugar is used take an equal portion of fruit and sugar; make a clear syrup and boil the fruit gently forty minutes; they will require heating over once if they are to be kept.

HUMOROUS.

A CORRESPONDENT says that the codfish frequents "the table lands of the sea." The codfish no doubt does this to secure as nearly as possible a dry, bracing atmosphere. This pure air of the submarine table lands gives to the codfish that breadth of chest and depth of lungs which we have always noticed. The glad, free smile of the codfish is largely attributed to the exhilaration of this oceanic altitoodleum. The correspondent further says that "the cod subsists largely on the sea cherry." Those who have not had the pleasure of seeing the codfish climb the sea cherry tree in search of food, or clubbing the fruit from the heavily laden branches with chunks of coral have missed a very fine sight. The codfish, when at home rambling through the submarine forests, does not wear his vest unbuttoned, as he does while loafing around the grocery stores of the United States.

***"Example is better than precept." It is well known that dyspepsia, bilious attacks, headache and many other ills can only be cured by removing their cause. Kidney-Wort has been proved to be the most effectual remedy for these, and for habitual costiveness, which so afflicts millions of the American people.

☞For five cents, Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt., will send colored samples of all colors of Diamond Dyes, with Directions.

"I HATE to see a woman with rings in her ears," exclaimed the good deacon; "they ain't natural; if it was intended for women to wear them, she would have been born with holes in her ears. The first woman didn't wear earrings, I'll be bound!"

"No," remarked the quiet little man in the corner, "nor anything else."

The discussion was brought to an abrupt close and the house adjourned without delay.

Change of Mind.

I declined to insert your advertisement of Hop Bitters last year, because I then thought they might not be promotive of the cause of Temperance, but find they are, and a very valuable medicine, myself and wife having been greatly benefitted by them, and I take great pleasure in making them known.

REV. JOHN SEAMAN,
Editor *Home Sentinel*, Afton, N. Y.

POTATO PUFF.—Take two cups of cold mashed potatoes; stir into it two large spoonfuls of melted butter, beating to a cream. Beat well, pour into a deep dish and bake in a quick oven till nicely browned. It will come out light and puffy.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, February 20, 1881.

To Mr. J. W. Graham, Druggist:

Dear Sir—My case was an acute form of Bronchitis, and was of one and a half year's duration. I employed the best medical aid possible, but failed rapidly, until the doctors said I would die—that my case was incurable. Thrown upon my own resources, I got a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and in six hours felt a decided relief. In three days the cough almost disappeared. Now that my chances of life are good for many years, I earnestly recommend the above to every sufferer of throat or lung disease. C. G. LATHROP.

A STUDENT of human nature was the schoolma'am who undertook the care of a school out West, where her predecessor, a man, had been tossed through the window by the rebellious pupils. She got along splendidly; and, when asked how she managed it, replied, "Oh, easily enough, I thrashed the little boys and mashed the big ones."

*DR. S. B. BRITTAIN says: "As a rule physicians do not, by their professional methods build up the female constitution, while they seldom cure the diseases to which it is always liable in our variable climate and under our imperfect civilization. Special remedies are often required to restore organic harmony and strengthen the enfeebled powers of womanhood; and for most of these we are indebted to persons outside of the medical profession. Among the very best of these remedies I assign a prominent place to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

JELLIES.—One-half a teaspoonful of currant, lemon or cranberry jelly put into a goblet; beat well with two tablespoonfuls of water, fill up with ice water, and you have a refreshing drink for a fever patient.

Gratitude Inexpressible.

PATTERSON, N. J., May 13, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—I cannot use language expressive enough to convey my appreciation of the value of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure in all diseases of the kidneys, liver and urinary organs. I never lose an opportunity to recommend it highly. WM. RADCLIFF.

"ANYBODY called this morning?" asked the editor of a country paper of his assistant, whom he met on the stairs. "Yes, our subscribers are up stairs." "What! all of 'em?" "Yes, they're all there." "What did you do, then? We've only got two chairs." "Oh, I borrowed one next door."

Rupture Cured.

NEWTOWN, PA., Sept., 20th 1882.

DR. J. B. MAYER, *Dear Sir:*—I will state to you that I am all right, and have not worn the support since the 8th of July, and since then have been hard at work on a farm. There is no pain or soreness about me nor has there been since.

Yours Respectfully,
G L. SHWARTZ.

OUR onward march: "Yes, the electric light is a great invention," muttered Club, as he felt about the door, "an' every keyhole should have one."

Thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, have been sold, and from all over the land comes one universal cry, "Carboline, as now improved and perfected, is the best hair restorer ever used." Sold by all druggists.

After a recent violent storm on the English coast a quantity of saline matter was observed on windows at a distance inland. The deposit is believed to have been made by ocean spray, which in this case must have been blown by the wind at least sixty miles.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure for urinary affections smarting, frequent or difficult urination, kidney diseases. $1 at druggists. Prepaid by express, $1.25, 6 for $5. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

TO BAKE TOMATOES.—Season them well with salt and pepper, flour them over, put them in a deep paste with a little butter, and bake in stove.

25c buys a pair of Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, makes a boot or shoe last twice as long.

Don't fail to read the twenty dollar Sewing Machine advertisement of C. A. Wood & Co., then send for a circular.

EVERYBODY should send 25 cents to Strawbridge & Clothier and receive their *Fashion Quarterly* for six months. Nearly 1000 illustrations and four pages of new music in each issue.

Consul Stevens writes from China that the chain pump, which was sold largely in this country not many years ago, has been in use in China for over two thousand years. Double-headed tacks, too, have been used there for many centuries.

C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince street, New York, the well known wholesale manufacturer of sealskin sacks, dolmans and furlined circulars, offers goods at retail. This affords a splendid opportunity to order direct from headquarters, and save the profits of the middlemen. Ladies are sure of getting reliable furs, and fully twenty-five per cent. cheaper than retailers' prices.

Before repainting a building apply a coat of crude petroleum with a fine whitewash brush, let it dry two or three weeks, then put on one coat of paint. A second painting is rendered unnecessary, and that much money is saved.

We cannot eat the fruit while the tree is in blossom.

PILES
ANAKESIS
Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy
Gives instant relief and is an infallible
CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box *prepaid* by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by F. Neustaedter & Co., Box 2946, New York City. Sole manufacturers of "*Anakesis*."

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

OVER 1,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD.
IT CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, INFLUENZA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, &c.
SELLER'S COUGH SYRUP.
25 Cts A BOTTLE.
The most PLEASANT AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDY IN USE.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.
—PITTSBURGH, PA.—
"LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER" THE GREAT TONIC AND LIFE PRESERVER.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

The Bad and Worthless.

are never *imitated* or *counterfeited*. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy *imitated* is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and the people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop," or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

AGENTS WANTED. A rare chance to make money rapidly selling our NEW BOOK: NEW YORK BY SUNLIGHT AND GASLIGHT
Showing up the New York of *to-day*, with its palaces, its crowded thoroughfares, its rushing elevated trains, its countless sights, its romance, its mystery, its dark crimes and terrible tragedies, its charities, and in fact every phase of life in the great city. Don't waste time selling slow books, but send for circulars giving full table of contents, terms to Agents, &c. Prospectus now ready and territory in great demand. Address DOUGLASS BROS., 58 N. Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa

AGENTS make 150 per cent. profit selling Register's Liniment. The best in the World. Write for particulars to F. REGISTER, Proprietor, 324 South 5th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this paper.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

IT was in a horse car. She had been away for several months and the children had gone to the depot to meet her. They chatted away merrily while she patted their little heads and smiled interestedly. "How's Mary?" she inquired while they both stopped for breath. "Oh! she's well. She's taking her music lessons right along." "And Harry?" "He's going to school. Started last week." "And papa?" "He's well, too. He's having a bully time. He said he didn't care if you didn't come back for a year." The passengers roared. Grabbing the children with both hands she rushed for the door with an I'll-get-even-with-him-for-this expression on her face. Heaven help him!

A Dead Shot

may be taken at liver and bilious disorders with Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." Mild yet certain in operation; and there is none of the reaction consequent upon taking severe and drastic cathartics. By druggists.

WHAT there is in a name: He bowed to her across the table, smirked, washed his hands in invisible soap and water, and said: "Oxcuse me, I dink I haf med you at Saratogas dis summers—my name is Moses." "I cannot recall your face," she airily answered, "but your name is quite familiar."

"Woman and Her Diseases"

is the title of an interesting treatise (96 pages) sent, post-paid, for three stamps. Address "World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y."

A BADGERED man's revenge: A story is told of a cool Bostonian when undergoing a savage cross-examination. General Butler had badgered him unmercifully, and finally said, with a mixture of solemnity and fierceness: "Can you look me in the eye and repeat that?" The witness looked at him a moment and asked quietly, "Which eye?"

Young men or middle aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send three stamps for Part VII of World's Dispensary Dime Series of books. Address "World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

PROGRESS of science: An English chemist analyzed a red stocking and got out of it twenty-two grains of tin. We shouldn't think he got enough to pay for his trouble—and yet he couldn't expect to find a gold mine in one red stocking. A pair of red stockings, however, frequently contain something that a gold mine couldn't buy.

*** 'One man's meat is another man's poison." Kidney-Wort expels the poisonous humors. The first thing to do in the Spring is to clean the house. For internal cleansing and renovating, no other medicine is equal to Kidney-Wort. In either dry or liquid form it cures headache, bilious attacks constipation and deranged kidneys.

☞Twenty-four beautiful colors of the Diamond Dyes for Silk, Wool, cotton, &c., 10 cts. A child can use with perfect success.

IN honor of Humboldt: "Whose statue is that?" asked a member of the New York judiciary of his companion, as they were riding through the park one Sunday last summer. "Why, that's Humboldt," replied the other. "What in thunder did they want to give Helmbold a statue for?" said the Judge. "He never did nothing but invent buchu."

BAY CITY, MICH., Feb. 3, 1880.

I think it my duty to send you a recommend for the benefit of any person wishing to know whether Hop Bitters are good or not. I know they are good for general debility and indigestion; strengthen the nervous system and make new life. I recommend my patients to use them.

DR. A. PRATT.

CIRCUMVENTING the thing: "This girl," once said an old Western doctor, "has got the small-pox. I ain't up on that disease, but you just give her this medicine. It will throw her into fits, and then you send for me; I'm h—l on fits." Republicans talk as if they thought their party leaders were trying a similar experiment with the party this year.

Rupture Cured.

PHOENIXVILLE, PA., August 20th, 1882.

DR J. B. MAYER, 831 Arch Street, Philadelphia. *Dear Sir:*—I have been ruptured very badly, it gave me a great deal of trouble and very severe pain, so that I was confined to my bed. I received your treatment for rupture in December, 1880, and the following March 1881 I left my support off and feel sound to day.

Yours truly. F. B. ROSSITER.

A MEMBER of the genus bore who met a journalistic friend the other day inquired, "How can I get up to see you?"

"Oh, it's way up under the roof; you can't get there." "But ain't there an elevator?" demanded the would-be visitor. "No; no elevator, no stairs; no way to get there. The only way to get up is by climbing a knotted rope, hand over hand."

MRS. PERCY YERGER is a good woman, but she is not well posted about church festivals, and she is not as refined as she might be. The Episcopal clergyman happening to remark in her presence that it would soon be Advent, she said: "Then we will all have to mortify ourselves again, but I don't mind it a bit. Last Advent I saved enough out of butcher's meat for the servants' table to get me a $75 cloak to go to church in."

"That was Lent, madame."

"No, it wasn't lent Three or four of the neighbors' wives wanted me to lend them that cloak, but I told them it wasn't mine, and lied out of it that way."

AN esthetic invitation to dinner concluded with these words: "I have asked four minds to meet you." "Thanks," replied the uncultured one, "I'm awfully sorry not to come, but have already accepted an invitation to dine with four stomachs the same night."

"How do you loike the new school, Mickey, me son?"

"Purty well; but, mother, phat makes the boys at school think I'm Oirish?"

"Its meself doesn't know, but I've been often suspicted av bein' Oirish, meself, whin divil a hint av it they iver had from me."

SQUASH FRITTERS.—A pint of cooked squash or less, one egg, two spoonfuls of flour.—Fry in a spider for breakfast.

—Joseph G Hester, of Washington, has been appointed to take the census and make a new roll of the Cherokee Indians east of the Mississippi.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,
Woman can Sympathize with Woman. Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
Is a Positive Cure
for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.
It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.
☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞ If you have either of these troubles
PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD
Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of the Greek and Roman Empires, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World, etc., etc.
It contains 672 fine historical engravings, and is the most complete History of the World ever published. Send for specimen pages and extra terms to Agents. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Celebrated Single Breech Loading Shot Guns at $12 up.

Double Barrel Breech Loaders, $16 Up.
Forehand & Wadsworth Choke bore Single Breech Loading Guns, at $14.50 up. Muzzle and Breech Loading Guns and Pistols of most approved English and American makes. All kinds of Sporting Implements and articles required by Sportsmen and Gunmakers.
JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St., Philadelphia.
Send 3-cent stamp for Price-List.

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